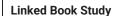




Î		Autumn	Spring	Summer		
		Theme - History	Theme – Geography	Theme - History		
	Driver Project	Britain at War In the Britain at War project, your child will learn about the main causes of the First World War and which countries were the major players. They will investigate why so many men volunteered to fight and then sequence the events at the start of the war. Using various sources of evidence, the children will learn about life in the trenches and the consequences of new weaponry. They will listen to first-hand accounts of life on the home front and evaluate the impact of war on everyday life. They will also discover the events that led to the Allied Powers' victory and the consequences of the Treaty of Versailles. The children will also learn about the causes and main events of the Second World War. They will find out how Britain prepared itself for war and the war's impact on civilian life. They will learn about the Battle of Britain and how it proved to be a key turning point for the Allied Powers. They will also hear about Anne Frank and discover what her story tells us about the treatment of Jewish people by the Nazi Party. The children will research the causes and consequences of the end of the Second World War and investigate the legacy of the wars in Britain. Closer to home, the children will research the life of a local First World War hero who sacrificed their life fighting for Britain. They will also investigate the legacy of these global conflicts in the post-war	regions, including the climate, landscape and natural resources. They will learn how to use grid references, lines of latitude and longitude, contour lines and symbols to identify the geographical locations of the Arctic and Antarctic, and how these, along with the tilt of the Earth, affect day length and warmth. They will investigate polar oceans to learn how they differ from other oceans on Earth and how climate change increases Earth's temperature and leads to rising sea levels. They will learn about the indigenous people of the Arctic, including how their lives have changed over time, and about the positives and negatives of tourism in Antarctica. They will also learn about	Maafa In the Maafa project, your child will learn about Africa today and the ancient kingdoms that thrived on the continent for thousands of years. They will learn about the origins of the transatlantic slave trade in the 15th century and Britain's involvement from the time of Elizabeth I, when John Hawkins became the first British slave trader. Your child will understand the structure of the transatlantic slave trade and the consequences of enslavement for enslaved people. They will also discover how the people of Britain benefited from the money and goods produced by the slave trade. They will learn about the causes and consequences of the abolition of slavery in the 19th century, the worldwide African diaspora and the European colonisation in Africa. They will explore the lives and actions of black people in 20th century Britain. They will understand how the Race Relations Act of 1965 became the first piece of British legislation to tackle racial discrimination and know that the Equality Act 2010 provides people with protection against racism and other forms of discrimination, today. Your child will also explore the lives of black people who have made significant contributions to Britain and will celebrate black culture in Britain today.		
	Innovate	You are local historians who want to make a digital memorial book to commemorate some of the people from your area who died during conflict. You need to collect evidence from a wide variety of sources to find out about the life of one person who is named on a local war memorial. You then need to use the evidence to create an entry for your chosen person in a digital memorial book. Let's get started! Write an entry for a local serviceman or woman who died in the First World War in a digital memorial book. I can articulate the significance of a historical person, event, discovery or invention in British history. I can ask perceptive questions to evaluate an artefact or historical source. I can evaluate the human impact of war, oppression, conflict and rebellion on the everyday life of a past or ancient society. I can present an in-depth study of a local town or city, suggesting how to source the required information. I can describe how the resistance, refusal or rebellion of individuals, groups and civilisations can affect a society or practice. I can describe the causes and consequences of a significant event in history.	You have been asked to write a magazine article for 'Pole to Polar', a company specialising in Arctic Circle cruises. You will need to use your knowledge of the polar region and further online research to ensure that your article is interesting and informative. Let's get started! Write a magazine article about aspects of the Arctic Circle, for 'Pole to Polar'. I can identify the position and explain the significance of latitude, longitude, equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, the Arctic and Antarctic Circles, the Prime (or Greenwich) Meridian and time zones (including day and night). I can identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment, such as giraffes having long necks for feeding, and that adaptations may lead to evolution. I can use and construct classification systems to identify animals and plants from a range of habitats. I can explain how humans function in the place they live. I can compare and describe physical features of polar landscapes. I can assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing, proposing and making changes to spelling, grammar, vocabulary and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning.	Black people have been living in Britain since the Roman times. There are many black Britons who have achieved amazing things, overcoming racial and social barriers to promote change and empower others. Your task is to help others to understand and appreciate their stories. Choose an inspirational black Briton, research their life and achievements and create a historical report that explains the impact that they had on life in Britain and beyond. Let's get started! Write a historical report about your chosen inspirational black Briton. I can articulate the significance of a historical person, event, discovery or invention in British history. I can describe the causes and consequences of a significant event in history. I can ask perceptive questions to evaluate an artefact or historical source. I can think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments and present a perspective on an		
	Memorable Experiences (Trips and Visits) Engage	Bikeability training ? Colchester Garrison and War Memorial 18/9 Witham War Memorial 11/11	Art Gallery – First Site Colchester Essex Wildlife Trust – Pond Dipping (classifivation)	Residential 9/7-11/7 Fitzwilliam Museum (summer 2) Local settlement patterns enquiry within Witham CPR Basic Life Skills training ?		







Goodnight Mister Tom by Michelle Magorian

Just before the outbreak of the Second World War, Willie Beech, a thin, withdrawn eight-year-old boy, is evacuated from London. He is placed with a gruff widower called Tom Oakley, who has been a recluse since the death of his wife and child 40 years earlier. Tom is horrified by the abuse Willie has experienced. With quiet authority, patience and sensitivity, Tom takes care of Willie and a bond develops between them. Gradually, Willie's physical and emotional scars begin to heal.



The Wolf Wilder by Katherine Rundell

Feo and her mother, Marina, live alone in the snowbound woods of Russia. They are wolf wilders (people who teach tamed wolves to live in the wild). When an infamous Russian general arrests Marina, Feo sets off on a quest to save her. With the help of her trusted wolves and a runaway Russian soldier, Feo travels across the frozen landscape and is swept up in the beginnings of a revolution.



Freedom by Catherine Johnson

An enslaved Jamaican boy is separated from his family and taken to work in England. His owners, the Barratts, treat him cruelly, but he is determined to escape and earn the money needed to buy his family's freedom. While in London, he attends the Zong slave ship's court hearing and learns about the horrors that took place on

Writ		Hansel Secretel by Neil Gaiman.	Letters from a lighthouse Emma Carroll	CAROL Letter to Mr Scrooge 22	THORNHILL Thornbill Pam Smy 17	Kensuke's Kingdom Michael Morpurgo	HOPES Hope-o-potamus Greg James and Chris Greenfield.	The Arrival by Shaun Tan	SATS Prep	EVEREST Everest by Sangma Francis and Lisk Feng	Play Performance and Rehearsal
Text	type	Narrative	Non-Fiction	Non-fiction	Narrative	Narrative	Poetry	Narrative		Non-fiction	
Gen	nre	Traditional tale	Recount	Persuasive Letter	Ghost Story	Adventure	Narrative poem	Story		Non- chronological Report	
Тор	pic	Not as it seems	Blitz	Bah Humbug	Haunted	Island Adventure	Норе	Journey		Climbing High/Explorers	
Cro Currio		Drama	History	History	Drama	Art	PSHE	PSHE		Geography	

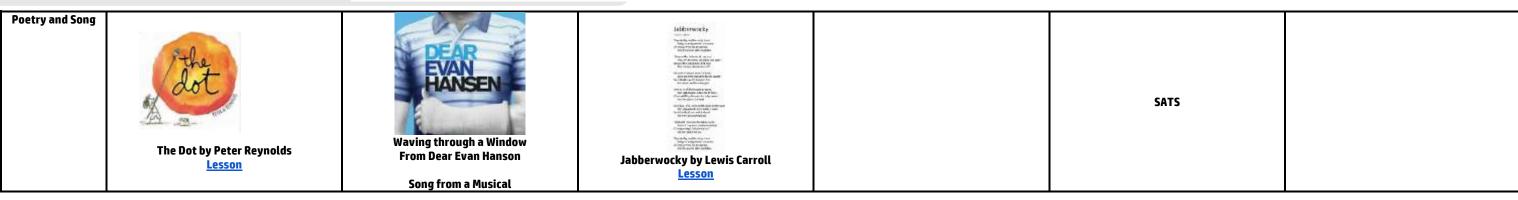


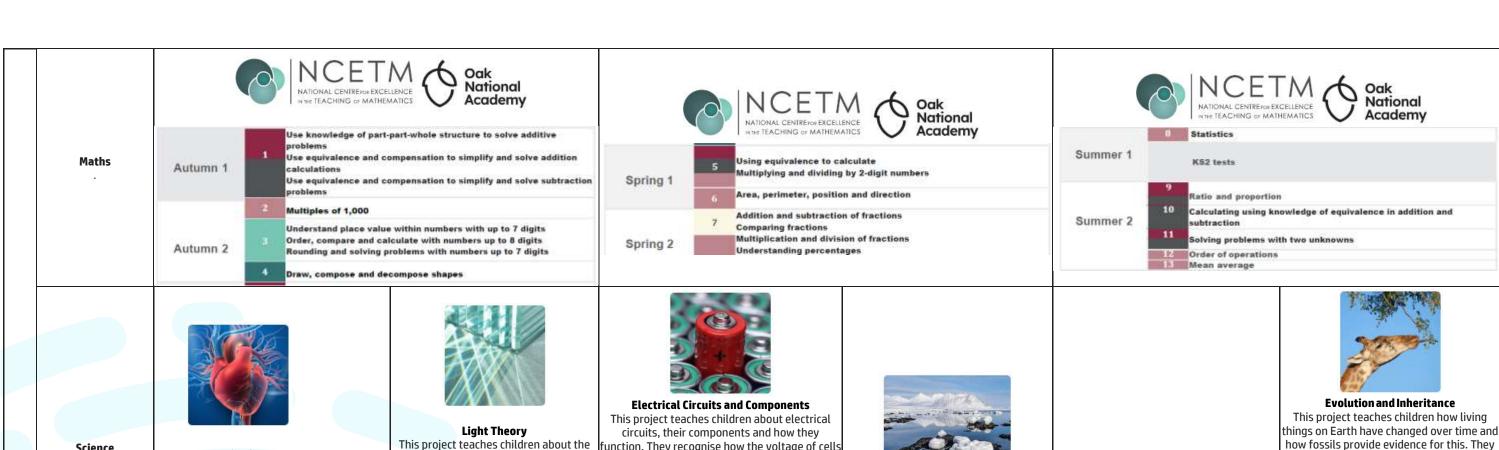


	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	STORYTIME FAVOURITES	GRAPHIC NOVELS	THOUGHT-PROVOKING STORIES	TOP-NOTCH NON FICTION	DIVERSE AND INCLUSIVE	SCARY OR DYSTOPIAN READS
Class reader			LOST WHALE No Ballet Shoes	HDW ANCIENT WORLDS COMMENT WORLD COMMENT WO	PATINA CHINE	ROBERS SWINDELLS ROOM 13 TO BE TO WERE TO WER TO WER
Fiction	ONCE		CALLER Syria		OZYMANDIAS OZYMANDIAS	THE UNITED STRIKES SACK
	Once by Morris Gleitzman <u>Lesson</u>	Silverfin by Charlie Higson	Autism The London Eye Mystery by Siobhan Dowd <u>Lesson</u>	Northern Lights by Philip Pullman <u>Lesson</u>	Ozymandias by Percy Bysshe Shelley <u>Lesson</u>	PLAY Rehearsals and Performance this half term
Non-Fictiion	The Living Years By Mike and the Mechanics Song Amna Al Haddad and Mary Kom Goodnight Stories For Rebel Girls Lesson		Can I Build Another Me? By Shinsuke Yoshitake Lesson	Electricity- James Chadwick Text Lesson	PROUDEST BLUE The Proudest Blue Lesson	

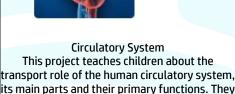












learn about healthy lifestyle choices and the

effects of harmful substances on the body.

I can choose an appropriate approach to ecording accurate results, including scientific liagrams, labels, timelines, classification keys tables, models and graphs (bar, line and scatter), linking to mathematical knowledge.

way that light behaves, travelling in straight lines from a source or reflector, into the eye. They explore how we see light and colours, and phenomena associated with light, including shadows, reflections and refraction.

I can independently decide which observations to make, when and for how long and make systematic and careful observations, using them to make comparisons, identify changes, classify nd make links between cause and effect.

unction. They recognise how the voltage of cells affects the output of a circuit and record circuits using standard symbols. It also teaches children about programmable devices, sensors and monitoring. They combine their learning to design and make programmable home devices.

Design and make a programmable home device I can develop design criteria for a functional and and evolution, and polar exploration and appealing product that is fit for purpose. communicating ideas clearly in a range of ways. I can identify how a new piece of software or an app can increase creativity. I can understand and use electrical circuits that incorporate a variety of components (switches, lamps, buzzers and motors) and use



None

Frozen Kingdoms

This project teaches children about classifying animals, animal adaptations discovery.

how fossils provide evidence for this. They learn how characteristics are passed from parents to their offspring and how variation in offspring can affect their survival, with changes (adaptations) possibly leading to the evolution of a species.

I can ask and answer deeper and broader scientific questions about the local and wider world that build on and extend their own and others' experiences and knowledge.

I can choose an appropriate approach to recording accurate results, including scientific diagrams, labels, timelines,





DESIGNERS/ENGINEEr S



programming to control their products. classification keys, tables, models and graphs (bar, line and scatter), linking to can use a sensor to monitor an environmental variable, such as temperature, sound or light. mathematical knowledge. I can demonstrate how their products take into account the safety of the user. I can demonstrate modifications made to a product as a result of ongoing evaluation by themselves and to others. I can ask and answer deeper and broader scientific questions about the local and wider world that build on and extend their own and others' experiences and knowledge I can plan and carry out a range of enquiries, including writing methods, identifying and controlling variables, deciding on equipment and data to collect and making predictions based on prior knowledge and understanding. I can independently decide which observations to make, when and for how long and make systematic and careful observations, using them to make comparisons, identify changes, classify and make links between cause and effect. I can take accurate, precise and repeated measurements in standard units, using a range of chosen equipment. I can report on and validate their findings, answer questions and justify their methods, opinions and conclusions, and use their results to suggest improvements to their methodology, separate facts from opinions, pose further questions and make predictions for what they might observe. **Environmental Artists** This project teaches children about the genre Bees. Beetles and Butterflies **Colour and Style** of environmental art. They study how artists This project teaches children about **Trailblazers, Barrier Breakers** This project revisits learning about colour create artwork that addresses social and Inuit This project teaches children about This project teaches children about the sketchbooks, observational drawing, mixed Art & Design theory, including primary, secondary, This project teaches children about the Inuit political issues related to the natural and significant black artists and their work, and nedia collage and Pop Art. They consolidate concepts of abstraction and distortion. They tertiary, complementary, analogous, warm urban environment. Children work way of life, including some of their cultural their learning to make a final piece of study the visual characteristics of provides opportunities to analyse and create and cool colours, hues, tints, shades and collaboratively to create artwork with an and artistic traditions. abstraction and create a musically-inspired, artwork inspired by them. artwork inspired by bees, beetles or tones. They learn about the use of colour in environmental message. butterflies. abstract painting. four art movements before using this Make a stencil print using carefully selected Create a piece of inspired artwork knowledge to create a painting with personal Create a piece of environmental art colour compositions can create innovative art that has personal, Revisit sketchbook work to create an Create a piece of abstract art in the meaning. can create innovative art that has personal, can create innovative art that has personal historic or conceptual meaning. insect-inspired artwork **Orphism style** Create a landscape painting historic or conceptual meaning. historic or conceptual meaning. can create innovative art that has personal I can explain the significance of different can create innovative art that has personal can draw or paint detailed landscapes that I can create art inspired by or giving an I can adapt and refine artwork in light of historic or conceptual meaning. historic or conceptual meaning. rtworks from a range of times and cultures include perspective. environmental message. constructive feedback and reflection. and use elements of these to create their I can adapt and refine artwork in light of I can adapt and refine artwork in light of I can adapt and refine artwork in light of I can select, use and combine a variety of constructive feedback and reflection. own artworks. constructive feedback and reflection. constructive feedback and reflection oftware, including internet services, to me a goal. Edmonia Lewis c1844-1907 Henry Ossawa Tanner 1859–1937, Augusta **Claude Monet** Savage 1892–1962 Kenojuak Ashevak Peter Graham **Olafur Eliasson Robert Delaunay** Gordon Parks 1912-2006 **SIGNIFICANT** Jessie Oonark **Edith Meusnier** Sonia Delaunay Elizabeth Catlett 1915-2012 Max Liebermann **Lucy Arnold** Karoo Ashevak **ARTIST Robert Spencer Chris Jordan** Untitled work by Wassily Kandinsky, 1910 Yinka Shonibare 1962-present **Andy Warhol** David Ruben Pigtoukun Traditional Senecio (Old Man) by Paul Klee, 1922 Barbara Walker 1964-present Joseph Mallord William Turner.. John Akomfrah **Lucy Tasseor Tutsweetak** Face No. 6 by Sebastian Bieniek, 2015 1odern Paul Nash Hurvin Anderson 1965—present Pitseolak Ashoona Chris Ofili 1968-present Contemporary Turgo Bastien 1968-present. **Design & Technology** /Nutrition SIGNIFICANT

This project teaches children about processed food and healthy food choices. They make This project teaches children about remarkable engineers and significant bridges, learning This project teaches children a range of simple sewing stitches, including ways of recycling







	bread and pasta sauces and learn about the b meals as part of a healthy daily menu, a		to identify features, such as beams, arches a engineering challenge to		and repurposing old clothes and materials. Apply sewing techniques to create a bookmark, pin cushion or pencil case		
	Design a healthy day's meal for an 11-year-old I can plan a healthy daily diet, justifying why each meal contributes towards a balanced diet.		Create a bridge prototype I can develop design criteria for a functional and appealing product that is fit for purpose, communicating ideas clearly in a range of ways.		I can pin and tack fabrics in preparation for sewing and more complex pattern work. I can use different methods of fastening for function and decoration, including press studs, Velcro and buttons.		
	I can follow a recipe that requires a variety of techniques and source the necessary ingredients independently.		I can choose the best materials for a task, showing an understanding of their working characteristics.		I can create a detailed comparative report about two or more products or inventions.		
	I can demonstrate modifications made to a p themselves a	roduct as a result of ongoing evaluation by	I can demonstrate modifications made to a themselves a	product as a result of ongoing evaluation by and to others.			
Geography			Timebox 4 Short fun sessions to chronological understanding with a preparation	additional material on Victorians in	evidence they will need to answer the question and where they will source this information. After discussions, your child will first gather evidence from resources in the classroom before visiting the settlement to carry out fieldwork. They will be provide with a Settlement patterns enquiry recording sheet and access to maps, aerial images, online information about the settlement so they can begin to make observations and record relevant data. As they work, they will record as much information as possible to use as evidence in their final, written answer. After the initial evidence gathering, visit the local settlement. On location, your child will be provided with cameras or tablets, drawing and map making materials to gather the evidence suggested on the enquiry recording sheet. Back in the classroom, they will be asked to write a report to answer the enquiry question,		
					I can explain how humans function in the place they live. I can ask and answer geographical questions and hypotheses using a range of fieldwork and research techniques. I can describe patterns of human population growth and movement, economic activities, space, land use and human settlement patterns of an area of the UK or the wider world.		
PSHE	Me and My Relationships Assertiveness Cooperation Safe/unsafe touches Positive relationships	Valuing Difference Recognising and celebrating difference Recognising and reflecting on prejudice- based bullying Understanding Bystander behaviour Gender stereotyping	Keeping Myself Safe Understanding emotional needs Staying safe online Drugs: norms and risks (including the law)	Rights and Responsibilities Understanding media bias, including social media Caring: communities and the environment Earning and saving money Understanding democracy	Being my Best Aspirations and goal setting Managing risk Looking after my mental health	Growing and Changing Coping with changes Keeping safe Body Image Sex education Self-esteem	
Wellbeing	Zones of Regulation In the project, children learn about good coping and regulation strategies to create a toolkit so they can help themselves when they experience anxiety and stress. They will	Connect: Community In this project, pupils explore how people can connect as a community and how they can impact their own community in a positive way.	Move: Brain breaks In this project, pupils explore the relationship between physical activity and improved concentration.	Take notice: Myself In this project, pupils learn about strategies for self-care.	Give: Apologising In this project, pupils learn how to provide an authentic apology and how this can impact another person's feelings.	Discover: Goal setting In this project, pupils learn to set goals and exploring what can help achieve them.	





think and talk about how they feel using four colours to help them self-identify how they're feeling.

Wonderful me! Our social media selves

way on social media and the impact this can have on other people.

People around me: Resolving conflict and compromising

In this project, pupils learn about how In this project, pupils learn and consider why conflict can arise and the steps that can be resolution guide.

Relaxation: Mindfulness

In this project, pupils understand how different relaxation strategies can be used in differing situations by completing a people may present their life in a different | taken to resolve it or prevent it by creating a | mindfulness activity that involved creating a booklet with useful tips and advice.

Meaning and purpose: What can I be?

In this project, by pondering the different meanings of the question 'What do I want to important to make this possible.

Healthy body, healthy brain: Taking responsibility for my health

In this project, pupils consider how to look be when I grow up?', pupils focus on what is after an individual's physical and emotional well-being, along with the other aspects that toolbox to help prepare for any challenges in need to be maintained to stay healthy.

Resilience: Resilience toolbox

In this project, pupils reflect on the different resilience strategies that stem from past experiences to help create a resilience the future.





How and why does religion bring peace and conflict?

Moral philosophy: investigation of moral issues such as peace and conflict.

- Christianity, Hinduism, Islam: individual, community and society: the life and work of a Christian/Muslim/Hindu individual whose faith impacted on their actions.
- The impact of Christian/Muslim/Hindu teachings on daily life.
- Hinduism: ahimsa: non-violence springs naturally from the Hindu belief of unity in diversity.
- The impact of ahimsa on daily life, including many Hindus being vegetarian.
- The role of the Muslim community in charity work as an expression of their faith.





How do Buddhists explain the suffering in the world?

The varying beliefs about God, the Buddha, the Four Noble Truths. the cycle of birth, death and rebirth and the Five

- Precepts. • The use of Jakata Tales as a source of moral quidance.
- The different views about the nature of knowledge meaning and existence
 - Buddhist perspectives on moral issues and consideration of the consequences of action in relation to Karma.





What does it mean to be human? Is being happy the greatest purpose in life?

- St. Augustine's ideas on sin as a defect rather than an effect - referring to Socrates and Plato's work stating that ignorance is the cause of sin.
- Theological understandings of right and wrong - viewing St. Augustine's ideas about 'bodily desires' overthrowing the soul's desire to be virtuous.
- Moral issues such as poverty and wealth, peace and conflict or justice and injustice - looking at Christian attitudes to suffering after St. Augustine's City of God in which he argues that suffering in this life is of little consequence when considering the Last Judgement.
- Humanist use of empathy and reason when making moral decisions rather than thinking about sin and the afterlife.
 - The work of Jeremy Bentham and John Stuart Mill on Utilitarianism.







Creation or science: conflicting or complementary?

- Creation: Christian belief that humans are made in God's image, by God.
- Theistic Evolution: Awareness of the relationship between the Genesis narratives and scientific explanations.
 - Scientific Theory: The Big Bang Theory.
- Textual theology: consideration of the genre of Genesis.
- Logic: debates about whether some things can be proven.



(None in Summer 1)

None in Summer 1



How do beliefs shape identity for Muslims?

The ways in which the Qur'an and Hadith form a source of authority.

- Key distinctions between the three main Muslim traditions (Sunni, Shia and Sufi).
- Muslim perspectives on moral issues including the idea of 'intention'.
 - The role of the Masjid (mosque).
- The significance and impact of Five Pillars of Islam.
- The importance of Ramadan, the two Eid festivals and Jummah Prayers.



Religious Education





Songs from World War 2 In this project, pupils develop greater accuracy in pitch and control. Identifying pitches

within an octave when singing and using knowledge of pitch to develop confidence when singing in parts.



(5 Lessons) In this project, pupils explore and identify the characteristics of film music. Creating a composition and graphic score to perform

alongside a film.



Theme and variation (Theme: Pop Art) (5 Lessons) In this project, pupils explore the musical concept of theme and variations and discovering how rhythms can 'translate' onto different instruments



To know that 'The Young Person's Guide to the Orchestra' was written in 1945 by Benjamin Britten.

Spring 1 – Baroque



Lessons)

In this project, pupils create their own leavers' song personal to their experiences as a class; listening to and critiquing well known songs. writing the lyrics,, exploring the concept of the four chord backing track and composing melodies.Choir Competition



AUTUMN 1



000

Football (6 Lessons)

Pupils will improve their defending and attacking play, developing further knowledge of the principles and tactics of each. Pupils will begin to develop consistency and control in dribbling, passing and receiving a ball. They will also learn the basics of goalkeeping. Pupils will evaluate their own and other's performances, suggesting improvements. They will learn the importance of playing games fairly, abiding by the rules of the game and being respectful of their teammates, opponents and referees



AUTUMN 2

(6 Lessons)

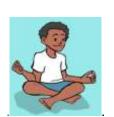
In this unit pupils will develop key skills and principles such as defending, attacking, throwing, catching, dribbling and shooting. Pupils will learn to use attacking skills to maintain possession as well as defending skills to gain possession. Pupils will be encouraged to work collaboratively to think about how to use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. They develop their understanding of the importance of fair play and honesty while self managing games, as well as developing their ability to evaluate their own and others' performances



YEAR 6

(6 Lessons)

In this unit pupils will develop key skills and principles such as defending, attacking, throwing, catching, running and dodging. When attacking, pupils will support the ball carrier using width and drawing defence. When defending, pupils learn how to tag, how to track and slow down an opponent, working as a defensive unit. They will play collaboratively in both uneven and then even sided games. Pupils will be encouraged to think about how to use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. They develop their understanding of the importance of fair play and honesty while self managing games, as well as developing their ability to evaluate their own and others' performances.



Pupils learn about mindfulness and body awareness. They learn yoga poses and techniques that will help them to connect their mind and body. The unit looks to improve well being by building strength, flexibility and balance. The learning includes breathing and meditation taught through fun and engaging activities. Pupils will be given the opportunity to work collaboratively with others and be given the opportunity to create their own flows and lead others.



SUMMER 1

(6 Lessons)

In this unit pupils develop their understanding of the principles of striking and fielding. They expand on their knowledge of the different roles of bowler, wicket keeper, fielder and batter. In all games activities, pupils have to think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. In cricket, pupils achieve this by striking a ball and trying to avoid fielders, so that they can run between wickets to score runs.



SUMMER 2

Athletics (6 Lessons

In this unit, pupils are set challenges for distance and time that involve using different styles and combinations of running, jumping and throwing. As in all athletic activities, pupils think about how to achieve their greatest possible speed, distance or accuracy and learn how to persevere to achieve their personal best. They learn how to improve by identifying areas of strength as well as areas to develop. Pupils are also given opportunities to lead when officiating as well as observe and provide feedback to others.

In this unit pupils learn the following athletic activities: long distance running, short distance running, triple jump, discus and shot put.



(6 Lessons)

Tennis is a net and wall game. In this unit pupils develop their understanding of the principles of net and wall games. In all games activities, pupils have to think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. Pupils are given opportunities to work co-operatively with others as well as independently, they are able to lead and officiate showing honesty and fair play whilst abiding by the rules. Pupils develop their tactical awareness, learning how to outwit an opponent.



(6 Lessons)

In this unit, pupils develop a skill set that is transferrable to OAA (outdoor adventurous activities). Pupils work individually, collaboratively in pairs and groups to solve problems and are encouraged to be inclusive of others, share ideas to create strategies and plans to produce the best solution to a challenge. Pupils are also given the opportunity to lead groups and utilise negotiation skills. Pupils develop map reading skills, learning how to follow a more complex map including the use of controls.



Hockey (6 Lessons)

In this unit pupils will improve their defending and attacking skills playing evensided games. They will start to show control and fluency in dribbling, sending and receiving a ball in a small game situation and under some pressure. Pupils will be encouraged to think about how to use tactics and collaborate with others to outwit their opposition. Pupils will comment on their own and other's performances and suggest ways to improve. They will also recognise the importance of fair play and honesty while self managing games



(6 lessons

Netball is an invasion game. In this unit pupils develop their understanding of the attacking and defending principles of invasion games. In all games activities, pupils have to think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. In netball pupils do this by maintaining possession and moving the ball towards goal to score. Pupils develop their understanding of the importance of fair play and honesty while self-managing games and learning and abiding by key rules, as well as evaluating their own and others' performances.



(6 Lessons)

In this unit pupils will take part in a range of activities that explore and develop different areas of their health and fitness. They will learn different components of fitness including speed, stamina, strength, coordination, balance and agility. Pupils will be given opportunities to work at their maximum and improve on their personal fitness levels. They will need to persevere when they get tired or when they find a challenge hard and are encouraged to support others to do the same. Pupils are asked to recognise areas in which they make the most improvement using the data they have



(6 Lessons

Pupils develop the quality and consistency of their fielding skills and understanding of when to use them such as throwing underarm and overarm, catching and retrieving a ball. They learn how to play the different roles of bowler, backstop, fielder and batter and to apply tactics in these positions. In all games activities, pupils have to think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. Pupils work with a partner and group to organise and self-manage their own games. Pupils play with honesty and fair play when playing competitively.







(5 lessons: 1, 2, 4, 5 and 6)

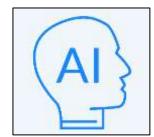
In this project, pupils learn to deal with issues online; about the impact and onsequences of sharing information online; how to develop a positive online reputation; combating and dealing with online bullying and protective passwords

(ESafety split across each term)



Computing Systems and Networks: Bletchley Park (3 lessons: 1-3)

In this project, pupils discover the history of Bletchley and learning about code breaking and password hacking. Demonstrating digital literacy skills by creating presentations..



Introducing Al

Exploring what AI is and how it generates text, images and code. Learning about creating and refining prompts to improve AI responses while also considering the ethical implications of AI and its potential to replace human roles.



Programming: Introduction to Python

Using the programming language 'Python', ir this project, pupils create designs and art. earning how to create loops and nested loops to make their code more efficient.



Data Handling 1: Big Data 1

(4 lessons: 1, 3, 4 and 5) In this project, pupils identify how barcodes and QR codes work. Learning how infrared waves are used for the transmission of data while recognising the uses of RFID..



Data handling 2: Big Data 2 (4 lessons: 1,2,4 and 5)

Understanding data usage through the use of mobile data vs WiFi, the Internet of Things, and big data. Identifying high/low data activities and preparing presentations on using Big Data/IoT to improve school efficiency while respecting privacy.



Creating Media: History of computers

(4 lessons: 1,3,4 and 5) In this project, pupils write, record and edit radio plays set during WWII, learning about

how computers have evolved

French

Computing



French sport and the Olympics

In this project, conjugating the verb 'aller'- to go, identifying correct prepositions, learning sports vocabulary and how to express preferences plus the infinitive.



In my French house

In this project, Learning how to describe a house - the different rooms and who lives there. Learning about prepositions to explain where items are arranged in their bedrooms.



Planning a French holiday

In this project, pupils learn to use a combination of present and near-future tenses, and becoming familiar with holidayrelated vocabulary around packing a suitcase and planning a journey.

None



Visiting a town in France

In this project, pupils learn directional and transport vocabulary and prepositional phrases, practising giving opinions and talking about a trip to France.





September 5th International Day of Charity September 9th – 22nd Fairtrade Fortnight September 14th International First Aid Day September 15th International Day of Democracy September 15th International Dot Day September 16th – 22nd Recycle Week September 20th – October 6th British Food Fortnight September 16th – 22th Jeans for Genes Week September 21 International Day of Peace September 21st World Gratitude Day May Local and Community History Month September 23rd International Day of Sign Languages May 5th –11th Deaf Awareness Week September 26th European Day of Languages January 4th World Braille Day May 12th International Nurses' Day September 30th National Sporting Heritage Day May 13th -20th Mental Health Awareness Week January 19th World Religion Day October Black History Month
October The Big Draw Festival May 15th International Day of Families January 20th Martin Luther King Day May 19th –25th National Vegetarian Week January 27th Holocaust Memorial Day October International Walk to School Month May 16th Endangered Species Day January 29th RNLI SOS Day October 2nd World Habitat Day February LGBT+ History Month May 20th World Bee Day October 4th World Animal Day February 6th <u>Time to Talk Day</u> May 20th-25th Walk to School Week October 6 World Smile Day February 3rd – 9th Children's Mental Health Week May 21st World Day for Cultural Diversity October 10th World Homeless Day February 11th Safer Internet Day May 28th World Hunger Day October 10th World Mental Health Day June <u>Pride Month</u>
All Month <u>Gypsy</u>, <u>Roma and <u>Traveller History Month</u></u> February 14th – 20th Random Acts of Kindness Week October 16th World Food Day **SMSC Events Calendar** February 21st International Mother Language Day October 17th International Day for Eradication of Poverty 2024/25 June 2nd –8th Volunteers' Week March 3rd World Wildlife Day October 19th World Values Day June 5th World Environment Day March 8th International Women's Day October 24th United Nations Day June 8th World Ocean Day March 16th Young Carers Action Day November 1st World Vegan Day June 10th – 14th Healthy Eating Week March 21st International Day for Elimination of RacialDiscrimination November 5th Guy Fawkes Night June 15th – 21st World Refugee Week March 22nd World Water Day November 10th –17th Inter Faith Week June 21 World Music Day April Stress Awareness Month November 11th Remembrance Day June 27th RSE Day April 2nd World Autism Awareness Day November 12th – 19th Inter Faith Week July 11th World Population Day April 7th World Health Day November 11th – 15th Anti-Bullying Week July 12th Malala Yousafzai's Birthday April 15th World Art Day November 13 Kindness Day UK July 14th Emmeline Pankhurst Day April 22nd Earth Day November 14th World Diabetes Day July 18th Nelson Mandela International Day November 16th International Day of Tolerance July 30 th International Day of Friendship November 17th Children In Need November 17th – 23rd Road Safety Week November 18th – 24th UK Parliament Week December 2nd International Day for Abolition of Slavery December 2nd –8th National Grief Awareness Week December 3 International Day of People with Disabilities December 12 Christmas Jumper Day December 10th Human Rights Day December 18th International Migrants Day