



		Autumn	Spring	Summer		
		Theme - History	Theme – Geography	Theme - History		
		Dynamic Dynasties				
	Diver Project	In Dynamic Dynasties, your child will learn about periods of ancient Chinese history. They will explore a timeline of the first five Chinese dynasties and learn about the legends surrounding	Sow, Grow and Farm In the Sow, Grow and Farm project, your child will learn about allotments in the United Kingdom	Groundbreaking Greeks		
Year 5		the beginning of Chinese civilisation. They will take a deep dive into the history of the Bronze Age Shang Dynasty and explore evidence found in the ancient city of Yin. They will study oracle bones, learn about religious beliefs and explore bronze artefacts that set the Shang Dynasty apart from other civilisations. They will also study the hierarchy of the Shang Dynasty and discover who was powerful and who was powerless. They will look at warfare and find out how bronze technology gave the Shang Dynasty an advantage over their enemies. They will learn about the life of the great military leader, Fu Hao. The children will then look at significant aspects of life after the Shang Dynasty, including the work of Confucius in the Zhou Dynasty, the short but significant reign of Emperor Qin Shi Huang of the Qin Dynasty and the importance of the Silk Road created by the Han Dynasty. To end the project, your child will find out how ancient China's lasting legacy can be seen in the world today.	and how the government encouraged people to have them to support food rationing during the Second World War. They will learn about food webs and animal life cycles, including how living things are dependent on one another within a habitat. They will investigate the different ways that plants reproduce and will dissect flowering plants to identify the different structures. They will have the opportunity to learn about farming in the United Kingdom and the techniques used in modern farming, including the challenges that farmers face. They will learn about the benefits of eating seasonally and about the pros and cons of importing food. They will also learn about world farming and how the different climate zones affect where different foods can be grown.	In the Groundbreaking Greeks project, your child will learn about different periods of Greek history, exploring the earliest civilisations, the devastation of the Dark Age and the breakthroughs and developments of the Archaic and Classical periods. They will understand how the geography of Greece affected the development of city states and explore Athens, learning about the structure of the government and society. They will get to know some of the most significant Athenians and understand why Greek art, culture, architecture, philosophy, medicine and mathematics were so significant. Your child will learn about the leadership of Alexander the Great and discover how ancient Greece became part of the Roman Empire after the Hellenistic period. They will explore how the Romans respected and developed Greek ideas, making them their own and spreading them throughout the Roman Empire. To end the project, your child will decide which was the ancient Greeks' greatest idea, and explore how the legacy of ancient Greece affects their lives today.		
l %			You are a small group of gardeners who want to set up a market gardening business. You will need to create a proposal for the market garden, which considers all the factors that	You are a historian and have been asked to record a podcast called 'The ancient Greeks'		
		You are a historian and have been asked to record an episode of the popular podcast <i>Five Minute Histories</i> . Your episode is called <i>Life after the Shang Dynasty</i> . You need to study the information provided before writing and recording your five-minute podcast script.	are important for successfully growing, distributing and selling your produce. Let's get started!	greatest idea'. Your task is to use your knowledge to decide what you think is the ancient Greeks' greatest idea and carry out research before writing and recording your podcast.  Let's get started!		
		Let's get started!	Design a leaflet that informs customers about your market garden I can use compass points, grid references and scale to interpret maps, including Ordnance	Produce a podcast about the ancient Greeks' greatest idea. Share your podcast with		
	Innovate	Write and record a five-minute podcast entitled Life after the Shang Dynasty.	Survey maps, with accuracy.	others.		
		I can compare and contrast an aspect of history across two or more periods studied.  I can explain why an aspect of world history is significant.	I can describe what seasonality means and explain some of the reasons why it is beneficial.	I can explain why an aspect of world history is significant. I can describe the achievements and influence of the ancient Greeks on the wider world.		
		I can use a range of historical sources or artefacts to build a picture of a historical event	I can describe how soil fertility, drainage and climate affect agricultural land use.	I can use a range of historical sources or artefacts to build a picture of a historical event		
		or person. I can create an in-depth study of the characteristics and importance of a past or ancient	I can research and describe different farming practices in the UK and how these can have positive and negative effects on natural habitats.	or person. I can explore the validity of a range of historical reports and use books, technology and		
		civilisation or society (people, culture, art, politics, hierarchy). I can study a feature of a past civilisation or society.	I can describe and explain the location, purpose and use of transport networks across the UK and other parts of the world.	other sources to check accuracy. I can articulate and organise important information and detailed historical accounts using		
		I can articulate and organise important information and detailed historical accounts using	I can debate topical issues, problems and events that are of concern to them as	topic related vocabulary.		
		topic related vocabulary.	individuals and to society. I can use challenging and sophisticated vocabulary to gain and maintain the interest of the listener.	I can investigate an aspect of history or a site dating from beyond 1066 that is significant in the locality.		
	Memorable Experiences (Trips and Visits) Engage	Shang Dynasty Workshop Royal Observatory– Greenwich	Boydell's Farm- Agriculture	Visit Gurdwara Fitzwilliam museum (Cambridge) - Groundbreaking Greeks Local settlement classification enquiry First Aid training		





**Linked Book Study** 



## Bronze and Sunflower by Cao Wenxuan

Sunflower has moved to the countryside in China with her father. As her father works all day, Sunflower feels lonely. She watches the river and the people across it who live in a village called Damaidi. She meets a boy called Bronze from Damaidi and the two become friends. When a tragic event brings Sunflower into Bronze's home, the two children must work together to survive the hardships of village life.



# The Secret Garden by Frances Hodgson Burnett

A spoilt, 10-year-old girl called Mary Lennox is orphaned by an outbreak of cholera and sent to live with her reclusive uncle, Archibald Craven, at Misselthwaite Manor in Yorkshire. Liking no one and no one liking her, Mary is left to her own devices. One day, she hears about a secret garden somewhere on the property that nobody is allowed to enter. When Mary finds the key to the garden, it's like entering a secret world.



# Who Let the Gods Out? by Maz Evans

A troubled boy's life is turned upside down when an immortal crashes out of the sky onto his barn. They go on adventures together but accidentally release a daemon. With help from the gods, they begin a quest to save the world that takes them to incredible places on Earth and beyond.

	AUTUMN				SPRING			SUMMER			
Writing	One small step Taiko Studios 17	Refugees 17	Mars Transmission 20	The Snowman Raymond Briggs	The Fantastic Flying Books of Mr Morris Lessmore by Moonbot Studios	The most dangerous animal in the world Valerie Bloom 14	The Nowhere Emporium Ross Mackenzie 18	David Attenborough Maria Isabel Sanchez 19	How heating behaviour supports whitering weathering	MITCH JOHNSON  TURBUT MORE  KICK  Mitch Johnson  19	Penguins  Emperor Penguins
Text type	Narrative	Non-Fiction	Non-Fiction	Narrative	Narrative	Poetry	Narrative	Non-Fiction	Non-Fiction	Non-Fiction	Non-Fiction
Genre	Adventure	Speech	Transmission		Fantasy	Poetry	Mystery	Biography	Balanced Argument	Persuasive letter	Non- chronological report
Topic	Astronaut	The long journey	Transmission from a Planet		The Library of Life	Animals	The Olde curiosity Shoppe	Save the Planet	Screen or no screen?	Is this right?	Antarctica
Cross Curricular	Science/DT	PSHE	Science	PSHE	Art	Science	Drama	Science	PSHE	PSHE	Science/Geograp hy



# Cornerstones <sup>™</sup> Education



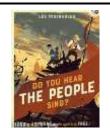
	Autumn 1 Autumn 2		Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
	STORYTIME FAVOURITES HISTORICAL FICTION		THOUGHT-PROVOKING STORIES	TOP-NOTCH NON FICTION	DIVERSE AND INCLUSIVE	GRAPHIC NOVELS	
Class Reader	HOUSE INTO Chicken Jugs Into Inchicken Jugs Into Inchicken Jugs Into Inchicken Jugs Inchicken Ju	ARCTIC STAR TOM PALMER SWORD  ARCHANI STORY	All the THINGS THINGS THAT COULD WHITE GAZELLE WRONG SILVARI FOR THE SONG TO SEING HEARDS	MUSIC CACOPIAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A	HIGH RISE WYSTED WARRENGE OUS G A MIE ADVENTURES WESTERNAL THE STATE OF THE PARTY O	BUNDY MONKEY	
Fiction	Children's Classics- Peter Pan by JM Barrie Lesson	A Christmas Carol by Charles Dickens Lesson	The Wolves In The Walls by Neil Gaiman Lesson	Street Child by Berlie Doherty Lesson	HOBBIT The Hobbit	Private Lesson	
Non-fiction	Dorothy Vaughan Biography  The Control of the Contr	Mae Epic Lesson	Ada Lovelace Text	Play "Cercle Of Life"  The Circle Of Life  Lesson	SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN®  Mentos and Coke  Mentos and Coke  Lesson	International Women's Day and Clara Zetkin Lesson	







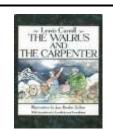




Do You Hear The People Sing from Les Misérables







The Walrus and the Carpenter by Lewis Carroll Lesson

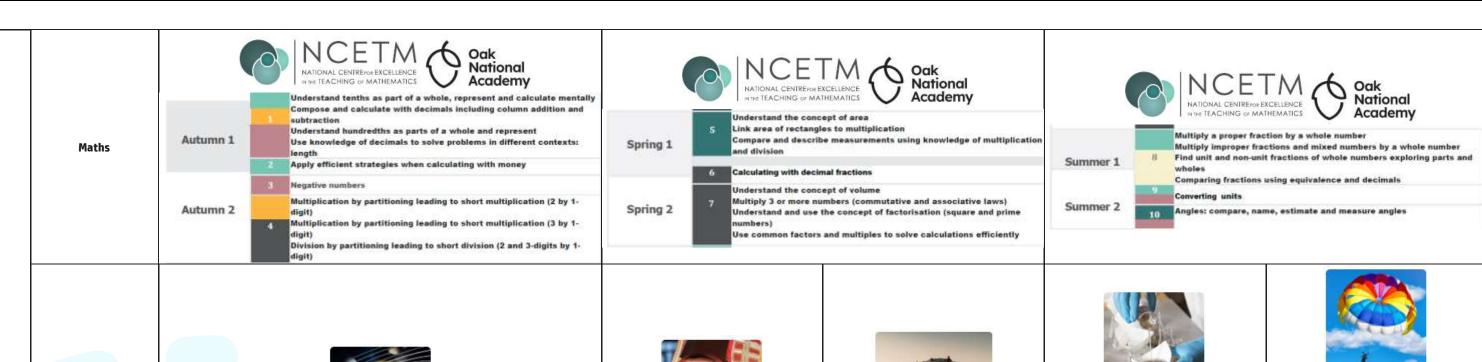




Out There (The Hunchback Of Notre Dame) Lesson



You Will Be Found from Dear Evan Hansen







Earth and Space

This project teaches children about our Solar System and its spherical bodies. They describe the movements of Earth and other planets relative to the Sun, the Moon relative to Earth and the Earth's rotation to explain day and night.

can describe or model the movement of the planets in our Solar System, including Earth relative to the Sun.

can use relevant scientific vocabulary to report on their findings, answer questions and justify their conclusions based on evidence collected, identify improvements, further questions and predictions.



# **Human Reproduction and Ageing**

This project teaches children about animal life cycles, including the human life cycle. They explore human growth and development to old age, including the changes experienced during puberty and human reproduction.

I can describe the changes as humans develop from birth to old age.



Sow, Grow and Farm

This project teaches children about food webs and animal life cycles, including how living things are dependent on one another within a habitat. They will investigate the different ways that plants reproduce and will dissect flowering plants to identify the different structures.



# Properties and Changes of Materials

This project teaches children about the wider properties of materials and their uses They learn about mixtures and how they car be separated using sieving, filtration and evaporation. They study reversible and irreversible changes, and use common indicators to identify irreversible changes. I can ask a wide range of relevant scientific guestions that broaden their understanding of the world around them and identify how they can answer them.

I can use relevant scientific vocabulary to report on their findings, answer questions and justify their conclusions based on evidence collected, identify improvements further questions and predictions.



# **Forces and Mechanisms**

This project teaches children about the forces of gravity, air resistance, water resistance and friction, with children exploring their effects. They learn about mechanisms, their uses and how they allow a smaller effort to have a greater effect.

can describe and demonstrate how simple levers, gears and pulleys assist the movement of objects.

I can ask a wide range of relevant scientific questions that broaden their understanding of the world around them and identify how they can answer them.

can compare and describe, using a range of toys, models and natural objects, the effects of water resistance, air resistance and friction.

I can plan and carry out a range of enquiries, including writing methods, identifying variables and making predictions based on prior knowledge and understanding. Within a group, I can decide which observations to make, when and for how long, and make systematic and careful observations, using them to make comparisons, identify changes, classify and make links between cause and effect. I can gather and record data and results of increasing complexity, selecting from a range of methods (scientific diagrams, labels, classification keys, tables, graphs and models).





I can take increasingly accurate measurements in standard units, using a range of chosen equipment.

I can use relevant scientific vocabulary to report on their findings, answer questions and justify their conclusions based on evidence collected, identify improvements, further questions and predictions.



## **Colour in Landscapes**

**Art & Design** 

This project teaches children about colour theory by studying tints, shades and tones. They learn about the features of landscapes before using this knowledge to create landscape paintings.

# Create a landscape painting

I can use a range of materials to create imaginative and fantasy landscapes. I can compare and comment on the ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work.



This project teaches children about the significance and art of the taotie motif, ncluding ancient and contemporary casting methods.

# Make a taotie relief

I can create a relief form using a range of tools, techniques and materials I can compare and comment on the ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work.



## Line, Light and Shadows

This project teaches children about the visual qualities of line, light and shadow. They explore the work of Pablo Picasso and Rembrandt and are introduced to a range of shading techniques. They take black and white photographs and use pencil, pen and ink wash to reimagine their photographs in a shaded drawing.



I can use pen and ink (ink wash) to add perspective, light and shade to a composition or model.

I can compare and comment on the ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work.

## Pablo Picasso Rembrandt

The Return of the Prodigal Son, c1642 Study for one of the Syndics, Volkert Jansz, c1662



This project teaches children about the genre of land art. They work outdoors to sketch natural forms and explore the sculptural potential of natural materials before working collaboratively to create land art installations.

# Create a land art installation

I can review and revisit ideas and sketches to improve and develop ideas. I can investigate and develop artwork using the characteristics of an artistic movement.

I can compare and comment on the ideas methods and approaches in their own and others' work.

Cone by Andy Goldsworthy, 1990

Rebecca Louise Law

**Kurt Schwitters** Henri Matisse Laslo Antal – **Visual Diaries** Land art London by Paolo Redwings, 2007

Barbara Kruger Robert Rauschenberg **Fanny Dreyer** 

This project teaches children about paper

crafts, papermaking and collage techniques

including paper, fabric, mixed media and

photo collage. They use their learning to

create a final piece of small-scale, mixed

media collage.

Create a piece of mixed media artwork

using a combination of techniques

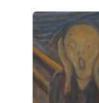
can investigate and develop artwork using

the characteristics of an artistic movement.

I can compare and comment on the ideas,

methods and approaches in their own and

others' work.



### Expression

This project teaches children about the Expressionist art movement and the 'Father of Expressionism', Edvard Munch. They explore different ways to portray feelings and emotions in art to create an imaginative self-portrait.

## **Create an Expressionist-style painting** I can explore and create expression in

portraiture.

I can compare and comment on the ideas, methods and approaches in their own and others' work.

**Edvard Munch** 

**SIGNIFICANT ARTIST Traditional** Modern

**Claude Monet** Peter Graham Max Liebermann **Robert Spencer** 

Taotie motifs/masks

Woman Lying Awake in Bed, c1635–1640



# Eat the Seasons

This project teaches children about the meaning and benefits of seasonal eating, including food preparation and cooking techniques.

### Design and make a healthy seasonal soup for four people

I can evaluate meals and consider if they contribute towards a balanced diet. I can use an increasing range of preparation and cooking techniques to cook a sweet or savoury dish.

I can evaluate meals and consider if they contribute towards a balanced diet.



## **Architecture**

This project teaches children about how architectural style and technology has developed over time and then use this knowledge to design a building with specific features.

# Design a functional building

I can build a framework using a range of materials to support mechanisms. I can select and combine materials with precision.

I can test and evaluate products against a detailed design specification and make adaptations as they develop the product.



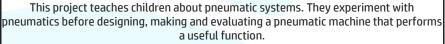
# Contemporary











# Design a prototype for an object, furniture or gadget that uses pneumatic

**Moving Mechanisms** 

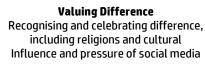
I can explain the functionality and purpose of safety features on a range of products. I can use mechanical systems in their products, such as pneumatics. I can test and evaluate products against a detailed design specification and make adaptations as they develop the product. I can select and combine materials with precision.

I can survey users in a range of focus groups and compare results.











Move: Adaptive sports In this project, pupils learn how people with disabilities can be physically active.

**Relaxation: Yoga** In this project, after going through a n this project, pupils reflect on the qualities relaxing yoga session, pupils consider when where and how to use relaxation techniques within our daily lives.



**Rights and Responsibilities** 

Rights and responsibilities

Rights and responsibilities relating to my

health

Making a difference

Decisions about lending, borrowing and

Take notice: Making a difference In this project, pupils take notice to improve the community.

In this project, pupils explore looking into the future and setting personal specific, achievable goals for the short-term, medium-term and long-term.



Being my Best

Growing independence and taking

responsibility

Keeping myself healthy

Media awareness and safety

Give: Paying it forward In this project, pupils learn how kindness can be reciprocated.

# Healthy body, healthy brain: Importance of rest In this project, pupils consider the factors

that affect sleep to help create a comedy video guide on how to get the best night's sleep possible.



Your child will study the enquiry question, 'What typical features and evidence can we find to identify and classify a local settlement?' They will focus on identifying human features of a local settlement to classify it on the settlement hierarchy diagram. Your child will be shown the settlement they will be exploring using an Ordnance Survey map or digital mapping tool, such as <u>Google Earth</u> and its Street View function. As they start their enquiry, they will make predictions about what type of settlement they are investigating and what typical features they might expect to see to prove their predictions. They will be allowed time to carry out the initial stage of their enquiry before they are taken to the settlement to gather evidence through the fieldwork activities set out in the booklet. When the children's enquiries are complete, they will be invited to display their work and give a short presentation about their findings.

I can describe how the characteristic of a settlement changes as it gets bigger (settlement hierarchy).



**Discover: Growth mindset** In this project, pupils understand how to apply a growth mindset and reframe negative thoughts.

**Growing and Changing** 

Managing difficult feelings

Managing change

How my feelings help keeping safe

Getting help

# Resilience: Embracing failure n this project, pupils focus on trial and error maths problems to think about the positive side of failure, as well as learning about the achievements of some inspirational individuals whose failures led them to great

successes.

# Wellbeing

**PSHE** 

Friendship skills, including compromise

Assertive skills

Cooperation

Recognising emotional needs

# **Zones of Regulation**

In the project, children learn about good coping and regulation strategies to create a toolkit so they can help themselves when they experience anxiety and stress. They will think and talk about how they feel using four colours to help them self-identify how they're feeling.

# Wonderful me: Taking responsibility for my feelings

In this project, pupils investigate the different ways of responding to situations with a consideration of the possible outcomes by exploring the 'Choose your destiny' story approach

# **Connect: Working together**

In this project, pupils explore how to work well as a team and reflecting on the impact that cooperation has on relationships.

# People around me: Good friends

that make a good friend in preparation to create a set of instructions for building positive friendships.

**Keeping Myself Safe** 

Managing risk, including online safety

Norms around use of legal drugs

(tobacco, alcohol)

Decision-making skills

Geography covered in the main project History revision and retrieval practice

ime Dox

Timebox 3 Two more short fun sessions to further build up pupils'

chronological understanding.

# Meaning and purpose: Going for goals

# Cornerstones Education



# **Curriculum 2024/2025 - Year 5**



# **Religious Education**

Is believing in God reasonable?

Varying views about the existence of God: Ontological and Cosmological arguments as found in the work of St. Thomas Aquinas's Summa Theologiae. Difference between knowledge, belief and opinions about God's existence.



Multi, Humanist



### How has belief impacted on music and art through history?

Explain divergent role of music in worship and festivals in the life of the Christian Church. ☐ Explain how art has been used in Christianity to reflect key events and facilitate worship.  $\square$  Explain key teachings from the Quran, the Hadith and important Muslim teachers (Al-Ghazali) in regard

☐ Explain, using a range of reasons, responses to instances of Aniconism and Iconoclasm in Muslims and Christian history.

to the use of music and art.







# Why should we be good? What do the great philosophers teach about the meaning of life?

- The ways different philosophers or religions understand abstract concepts, including varying views about the existence of the soul in classical Greek Philosophy.
- The complex nature of concepts such as truth, reality and identity found in Buddhism, Christianity and Plato.
  - The work of one or two key philosophers such as Socrates/Plato and Descartes.
  - Consideration of consequences of action in relation to karma.





# What difference does the resurrection make to Christians?

Jesus: As God incarnate, also known as the Son of God. Christian belief that Jesus fulfilled prophecies about the Messiah.

· Salvation: Gospel accounts of Jesus' death and resurrection and the various interpretations of these accounts in terms of the

meaning of salvation (e.g. forgiveness, sacrifice, redemption). Textual theology: consideration of genre, author,

content, reliability and audience in relation to the Gospels and resurrection of Jesus.

- Practices and expression: worship: different expressions of Christian worship.
- Festivals: the diverse ways in which people celebrate festivals such as Easter.





How do Hindus make sense of the world?

The concepts of Brahman, Atman, Avatars, Ahimsa, Samsara and Karma.

- The different genres and interpretations of oral traditions and the Vedas.
- The impact of events and experiences on Hindu
- Different views about the nature of knowledge, meaning and existence. Introducing ethical theory.
- The impact of Ahimsa, Dharma and Karma on daily life and beyond.



# Music

# Unit 4: Indonesia (Instrumental Lessons) (5

Lessons)

In this project, pupils discover the features of gamelan music including the Slendro scale and cyclical rhythmic patterns, identifying traditional gamelan instruments, learning about the concept of an octave, exploring how different timbres are used in gamelan music



To know the history and key features of gamelan



Unit 5: India (Instrumental Lessons) (5 Lessons) In this project, pupils learn about the history of ndian film and its key musical features, through performing and composing activities using a specially composed film music soundtrack.



To know the history and key features of **Bollywood** music



# Composition to represent the festival of colour (Theme: Holi festival)

(5 Lessons)

In this project, pupils explore the associations between music, sounds and colour, composing and, as class and performing their own musical composition to represent Holi.



### Blues

(5 Lessons)

In this project, pupils identify the key features and mood of Blues music and its importance and purpose. Learning the 12-bar Blues and the Blues scale, and combining these to create an improvised piece with a familiar, repetitive backing



To know that 12-bar Blues is a sequence of 12 bars of music, made up of three different chords



(5 Lessons)

In this project, pupils are introduced to musical theatre, learning how singing, acting and dancing can be combined to give an overall performance, exploring how music can be used to tell a story and learning about performance aspects.





YEAR 5									
AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2				



Pupils will improve their defending and attacking play, developing further knowledge of the principles and tactics of each. Pupils will begin to develop consistency and control in dribbling, passing and receiving a ball. They will also learn the basics of goalkeeping. Pupils will evaluate their own and other's performances, suggesting improvements. They will learn the importance of playing games fairly, abiding by the rules of the game and being respectful of their teammates, opponents and referees.



# (6 Lessons

In this unit pupils will develop key skills and principles such as defending, attacking, throwing, catching, dribbling and shooting. Pupils will learn to use attacking skills to maintain possession as well as defending skills to gain possession. Pupils will be encouraged to work collaboratively to think about how to use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. They develop their understanding of the importance of fair play and honesty while self managing games, as well as developing their ability to evaluate their own and others' performances.



In this unit pupils will develop key skills and principles such as defending, attacking, throwing, catching, running and dodging. When attacking, pupils will support the ball carrier using width and drawing defence. When defending, pupils learn how to tag, how to track and slow down an opponent, working as a defensive unit. They will play collaboratively in both uneven and then even sided games. Pupils will be encouraged to think about how to use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. They develop their understanding of the importance of fair play and honesty while self managing games, as well as developing their ability to evaluate their own and others' performances.



Pupils learn about mindfulness and body awareness. They learn yoga poses and techniques that will help them to connect their mind and body. The unit looks to improve well being by building strength, flexibility and balance. The learning includes breathing and meditation taught through fun and engaging activities. Pupils will be given the opportunity to work collaboratively with others and be given the opportunity to create their own flows and lead others



# (6 Lessons)

In this unit pupils develop their understanding of the principles of striking and fielding. They expand on their knowledge of the different roles of bowler, wicket keeper, fielder and batter. In all games activities, pupils have to think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. In cricket, pupils achieve this by striking a ball and trying to avoid fielders, so that they can run between wickets to score runs.



In this unit, pupils are set challenges for distance and time that involve using different styles and combinations of running, jumping and throwing. As in all athletic activities, pupils think about how to achieve their greatest possible speed, height, distance or accuracy and learn how to persevere to achieve their personal best. They learn how to improve by identifying areas of strength as well as areas to develop. Pupils are also given opportunities to lead when officiating as well as observe and provide feedback to others.

In this unit pupils learn the following athletic activities: long distance running, sprinting, relay, triple jump, shot put and javelin.



Tennis is a net and wall game. In this unit pupils develop their understanding of the principles of net and wall games. In all games activities. pupils have to think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. Pupils are given opportunities to work cooperatively with others as well as independently, they are able to lead and officiate showing honesty and fair play whilst abiding by the rules. Pupils develop their tactical awareness, learning how to outwit an opponent.



# (6 Lessons)

In this unit, pupils develop a skill set that is transferrable to OAA (outdoor adventurous activities). Pupils work individually, collaboratively in pairs and groups to solve problems and are encouraged to be inclusive of others, share ideas to create strategies and plans to produce the best solution to a challenge. Pupils are also given the opportunity to lead groups and utilise negotiation skills. Pupils develop map reading skills including the use of cardinal points, scale and direction to create, plan and follow routes around a course.



# (12 Lessons

This unit is aimed at developing swimmers. In this unit, pupils will be introduced to specific swimming strokes on their front and on their back. They will learn how to travel, float and submerge with increasing confidence. They will learn and use different kicking and arm actions. Pupils will be given opportunities to observe others and provide feedback. They will also be introduced to some personal survival skills and how to stay safe around water



## Netball (6 lessons)

Netball is an invasion game. In this unit pupils develop their understanding of the attacking and defending principles of invasion games. In all games activities, pupils have to think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. In netball pupils do this by maintaining possession and moving the ball towards goal to score. Pupils develop their understanding of the importance of fair play and honesty while self-managing games and learning and abiding by key rules, as well as evaluating their own and others' performances.



# Fitness (6 Lessons)

In this unit pupils will take part in a range of activities that explore and develop different areas of their health and fitness. They will learn different components of fitness including speed, stamina, strength, co-ordination, balance and agility. Pupils will be given opportunities to work at their maximum and improve on their personal fitness levels. They will need to persevere when they get tired or when they find a challenge hard and are encouraged to support others to do the same. Pupils are asked to recognise areas in which they make the most improvement using the data they have collected.



# (6 Lessons)

Pupils develop the quality and consistency of their fielding skills and understanding of when to use them such as throwing underarm and overarm, catching and retrieving a ball. They learn how to play the different roles of bowler. backstop, fielder and batter and to apply tactics in these positions. In all games activities, pupils have to think about how they use skills, strategies and tactics to outwit the opposition. Pupils work with a partner and group to

organise and self-manage their own games. Pupils play with honesty and fair play when playing competitively.









Data Handling: Mars Rover 1
(3 Jessons: 1, 2 and 4)

In this project, pupils learn about the Mars Rover, exploring how and why it transfers data including instructions, and how messages can be sent using binary code



Computing systems and networks: Search engines

(4 lessons: 1-4)

In this project, pupils learn about how page rank works and how to identify inaccurate information..



Programming 2: Micro:bit

(5 lessons: 1-5)
Clipping blocks together in a program and

predicting what will happen while making connections with previously used programming interfaces. Children create animations, recognise inputs/outputs, choose appropriate blocks, and break programs down into smaller steps.



Programming 1: Music (4 lessons: 1-4)

In this project, pupils build-on programming and music skills to create different sounds, beats and melodies which are put to the test with a Battle of the Bands performance



Creating Media: Stop motion animation (5 lessons: 1-5)

In this project, pupils create
animations, storyboard ideas and
decomposing a story into small parts before
putting together to create the illusion of a
moving image.!



Online Safety
(4 lessons: 1,2, 4 and 5) Lessons delivered across the year

In this project, pupils learn about app permissions; the positive and negative aspects of online communication; that online information is not always factual; how to deal with online bullying and managing our health and wellbeing.

# French



French speaking world
(5 Lessons)

In this project, pupils learn about French speaking countries, learning to give and follow directions in French, discussing climate and using comparative language.



Space exploration – in French (5 Lessons)

n this project, pupils use figurative language, developing sentence structure by adding adjectives, using prepositions and making simple adjectival comparisons.



French monster pets (5 Lessons)

In this project, pupils revise noun gender, using the correct article to go with nouns, making adjectives agree with the noun they describe and sentence constructions, placing the adjectives in the correct place.



Shopping in France (5 Lessons)

In this project, pupils learn to construct high numbers in French, developing food-related vocabulary, building on their understanding of sentence structures, questions and phrases.



Verbs in a week (5 Lessons)

In this project, pupils identify the infinitive form of verbs and subject pronouns, grouping French verbs and learning that there are regular and irregular verbs.



# Meet my French family (5 Lessons)

In this project, pupils learn family and relations vocabulary, the possessive adjective: 'my' and 'how' to express likes and dislikes. Learning to compose a written composition by recycling and re-ordering known words and phrases.

# SMSC Events Calendar 2023/2024

September 9<sup>th</sup> – 22<sup>nd</sup> Fairtrade Fortnight

September 14<sup>th</sup> International First Aid Day

September 15<sup>th</sup> International Day of Democracy

September 15<sup>th</sup> International Dot Day

September 16<sup>th</sup> – 22<sup>nd</sup> Recycle Week

September 20<sup>th</sup> – October 6<sup>th</sup> British Food Fortnight

September 16<sup>th</sup> – 22<sup>th</sup> Jeans for Genes Week

September 21<sup>st</sup> International Day of Peace

September 21<sup>st</sup> World Gratitude Day

September 23<sup>rd</sup> International Day of Sign Languages

September 26<sup>th</sup> European Day of Languages

September 30<sup>th</sup> National Sporting Heritage Day

October Black History Month
October The Big Draw Festival
October International Walk to School Month

September 5<sup>th</sup> International Day of Charity

January 4<sup>th</sup> World Braille Day
January 19<sup>th</sup> World Religion Day
January 20<sup>th</sup> Martin Luther King Day
January 27<sup>th</sup> Holocaust Memorial Day

January 29<sup>th</sup> RNLI SOS Day
February LGBT+ History Month
February 6<sup>th</sup> Time to Talk Day

February 3<sup>rd</sup> – 9<sup>th</sup> <u>Children's Mental Health Week</u>

February 11 th Safer Internet Day

February 14<sup>th</sup> – 20<sup>th</sup> Random Acts of Kindness Week February 21<sup>st</sup> International Mother Language Day

February 21 International Mother Language Day
March 3 World Wildlife Day

March 8<sup>th</sup> International Women's Day
March 16<sup>th</sup> Young Carers Action Day

March 21<sup>st</sup> <u>International Day for Elimination of RacialDiscrimination</u>

March 22<sup>nd</sup> World Water Day

May Local and Community History Month
May 5<sup>th</sup> -11<sup>th</sup> Deaf Awareness Week

May 12<sup>th</sup> <u>International Nurses' Day</u>

May 13<sup>th</sup> - 20<sup>th</sup> Mental Health Awareness Week

May 15<sup>th</sup> International Day of Families

May 19<sup>th</sup> – 25<sup>th</sup> <u>National Vegetarian Week</u>
May 16<sup>th</sup> <u>Endangered Species Day</u>

May 20<sup>th</sup> World Bee Day

May 20<sup>th</sup>-25<sup>th</sup> Walk to School Week
May 21<sup>st</sup> World Day for Cultural Diversity

May 28<sup>th</sup> World Hunger Day

June Pride Month
All Month Gypsy, Roma and Traveller History Month

June 2<sup>nd</sup> –8<sup>th</sup> <u>Volunteers' Week</u>
June 5<sup>th</sup> <u>World Environment Day</u>

June 8<sup>th</sup> World Ocean Day





October 2 World Habitat Day October 4<sup>th</sup> World Animal Day October 6<sup>th</sup> World Smile Day October 10<sup>th</sup> World Homeless Day October 10<sup>th</sup> World Mental Health Day October 16<sup>th</sup> World Food Day October 17<sup>th</sup> <u>International Day for Eradication of Poverty</u> October 19<sup>th</sup> World Values Day October 24<sup>th</sup> United Nations Day November 1<sup>st</sup> World Vegan Day November 5<sup>th</sup> Guy Fawkes Night November 10<sup>th</sup> –17<sup>th</sup> Inter Faith Week November 11<sup>th</sup> Remembrance Day November 12<sup>th</sup> – 19<sup>th</sup> Inter Faith Week November 11<sup>th</sup> – 15<sup>th</sup> Anti-Bullying Week November 13<sup>th</sup> Kindness Day UK November 14<sup>th</sup> World Diabetes Day November 16<sup>th</sup> International Day of Tolerance November 17<sup>th</sup> Children In Need November 17<sup>th</sup> – 23<sup>rd</sup> Road Safety Week November 18<sup>th</sup> – 24<sup>th</sup> UK Parliament Week December 2<sup>nd</sup> International Day for Abolition of Slavery December 2<sup>nd</sup> –8<sup>th</sup> National Grief Awareness Week December 3<sup>rd</sup> International Day of People with Disabilities December 12<sup>th</sup> Christmas Jumper Day December 10 Human Rights Day December 18<sup>th</sup> International Migrants Day

April <u>Stress Awareness Month</u>
April 2<sup>nd</sup> <u>World Autism Awareness Day</u>
April 7<sup>th</sup> <u>World Health Day</u>
April 15<sup>th</sup> <u>World Art Day</u>
April 22<sup>nd</sup> <u>Earth Day</u>

June 10<sup>th</sup> – 14<sup>th</sup> <u>Healthy Eating Week</u>

June 15<sup>th</sup> – 21<sup>st</sup> <u>World Refugee Week</u>

June 21<sup>st</sup> <u>World Music Day</u>

June 27<sup>th</sup> <u>RSE Day</u>

July 11<sup>th</sup> <u>World Population Day</u>

July 12<sup>th</sup> <u>Malala Yousafzai's Birthday</u>

July 14<sup>th</sup> <u>Emmeline Pankhurst Day</u>

July 18<sup>th</sup> <u>Nelson Mandela International Day</u>

July 30<sup>th</sup> <u>International Day of Friendship</u>

